

考 試 科 目 英文	所 別 國家發展研究所	考 試 時 間	5 月 16 日 星期六	第 一 節
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Translate the following into Chinese (20%):

1. The spreading global economic crisis is trapping up to 53 million more people in poverty in developing countries and, with child mortality rates set to soar, poses a serious threat to achieving internationally agreed targets to overcome poverty. New estimates for 2009 suggest that lower economic growth rates will trap 46 million more people on less than \$1.25 a day than was expected prior to the crisis. An extra 53 million will stay trapped on less than \$2 a day. This is on top of the 130-155 million people pushed into poverty in 2008 because of soaring food and fuel prices. These new forecasts highlight the serious threat to the achievement of the U.N.'s Millennium Development Goals (MDGs), which set specific targets by 2015 to overcome poverty. The new research shows that the sharply lower economic growth rates will significantly retard progress in reducing infant mortality. (20%)

Short Essay writing (80%):

2. Please take the development experiences of Taiwan and China as examples to comment on the following statement: "It has been suggested that development itself was a myth, constructed by Western states in the post-1945 period to disguise the continuation of exploitative economic relations with former colonies, and resting on the premise that these structures of economic control and modernization would contain and promote political modernization in the form of Western liberal democracy." (30%)
3. In recent years, economic integration has become an important driver of economic development both in East Asia and throughout the world. By the end of 2007, there were 205 regional trade agreements under negotiation and consideration worldwide, of which 109 involved Asian countries. In particular, Japan, China, and the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) have been aggressive advocates of regional trade agreements, in the hope that they will lead to the formation of an East Asian free trade regime. Please write a short essay on the significance and impact of these regional trade agreements on the East Asian economic development. (50%)

考試科目	「社會科學方法論」	所別	國家發展研究所	考試時間	5月16日 星期六	第2節
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一、何謂模型(Model)? 模型在社會科學研究中的功能是什麼?請舉例加以說明。(25%)

二、何謂理論多元主義(theoretical pluralism)? 對社會科學研究方法論的正面及負面的意義是什麼?請加以討論(25%)

三、社會科學是否可以使用自然科學的「方法」來研究社會，一直是在方法論上的一個重大爭議。請說明社會科學的三大方法論取向—實證論(positivism)，詮釋學(hermeneutics)，和批判理論(critical theory)—對社會研究的基本假定(認識論)，使用的研究方法，和如何確認客觀性的問題，並說明這三者之間的爭議為何。30%

四、J. S. Mills 很早之前就指出，比較方法可以用來尋找事物的因果關係，其最有名的方法就是「method of agreement」和「method of difference」，請說明這二方法為何，並舉例說明。20%