## 5. Conclusion

Sine fuzzy thinking is bore in everybody's mind, but we do not often use the fuzzy survey in society because having not a corrective test statistic to deal with the fuzzy numbers. In this paper, we try to find a formula, called fuzzy $\chi^{2}$, to deal with fuzzy data. We use the fuzzy binomial distribution to find expected value and variance. Hence we can find the estimator for $\pi_{i j}$ in $l$-sample fuzzy multinomial model. Moreover, we use the central limit theorem to get an approximately normal distribution. We hope that we can use the similar proof as traditional Pearson's $\chi^{2}$ to find out the fuzzy $\chi^{2}$. We also present an example in Section4. We use two ways, traditional $\chi^{2}$ and fuzzy $\chi^{2}$, to test the hypothesis.

But there must be something to be improved in the future:

1. How is the sensitivity of the result when sample is small?
2. How to prove that $A_{i j}$ is the best estimator for $\pi_{i j}$ ?
3. The test statistic of fuzzy $\chi^{2}$ is somewhat complex, we may use the computer to find out.
